

Kadour, Karen

From: Gebauer, Sandra
Sent: Monday, November 06, 2017 12:41 PM
To: Kadour, Karen
Subject: FW: New Mayor of the City of Ohrid

From: Protocol Ohrid [<mailto:protocol@ohrid.gov.mk>]
Sent: Tuesday, October 31, 2017 6:18 AM
To: Pogradec; POGRADEEC; mer@nesebar.bg; 'Plovdiv'; mayor@plovdiv.bg; SINAIA , Romania; 'SINAIA-CORINA GHIMBAS'; sistercities@valova.bel.tr; Safranbolu; Novi Sad-Daniela; Novi Sad -gradonacelnik; NOVI SAD -Protokol; Wollongong, Lord Mayor's Office; council@wollongong.nsw.gov.au; Barlozzari, Robert
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Subject: New Mayor of the City of Ohrid

Dear Sirs,

Allow us to inform you that the **new Mayor of the City of Ohrid** for the next 4 years period is **D-r JOVAN STOJANOSKI**. We hope that our cooperation and good relationship will strengthen and develop in the future.

Sincerely,

Ljupka Maslova
Mayor's Office Protocol Officer

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General Information about Yaroslavl

Yaroslavl is the city and administrative center of Yaroslavl oblast (region) it is located in the west-central European Russia. Yaroslavl is situated on the right bank of the Volga River and is 282 km northeast of Russia's capital, Moscow. It is one of the oldest cities in the country and one of the main objects of the Golden Ring of Russia. The Golden Ring of Russia is a ring of cities northeast of Moscow that preserve the memory of the most important and significant events in Russian history. The historic center of Yaroslavl, located between the Volga and the Kotorosl rivers, is a UNESCO World Heritage Site. The population of Yaroslavl is about 604,000 (2015), the area - 206 sq. km.

It is one of the first cities on the Volga River mentioned in chronicles - as early as 1071. Catherine the Great played a very important part in the creation of Yaroslavl's appearance: in the 18th century she carried out an extensive town-planning reform guided by the rationalistic ideals of the age of Enlightenment. As a result, Yaroslavl became a model of town-building for other cities of the Russian Empire to follow. It is renowned for its numerous 1ih-century churches and is an outstanding example of the urban planning reform Empress Catherine the Great ordered for the whole of Russia in 1763. While keeping some of it significant historic structures, the town was renovated in the neoclassical style on a radical urban master plan.

The opening of trade with the West during the 16th century brought prosperity to the town, which lay at the intersection of the great Volga River and Moscow-Arkhangelsk trade routes. The Yaroslavl Great Manufactory, one of the earliest and largest textile mills in Russia, was established in 1722, and by the late 18th century Yaroslavl had become an important industrial center.

Yaroslavl's industries now produce heavy machinery (particularly diesel engines and electrical equipment), refined petroleum products, textiles, and synthetic rubber and tires. Power is produced by coal-burning electric plants and by the Rybinsk and Uglich hydroelectric stations, located upstream on the Volga.

Yaroslavl Demidov State University



Yaroslavl State University is one of the youngest and at the same time one of the oldest universities in Russia. Today P.G. Demidov Yaroslavl State University is a leading higher educational institution of the Upper-Volga region with 7800 students. It is a classical multi-discipline educational institution training students in 70 majors. In its structure the university has ten faculties and the University College offers a wide range of academic programs in secondary professional education. P. G. Demidov Yaroslavl State University (YSU) is a member of the Euroasian Universities Association and Magna Charta Universitatum, which proves university compliance to international standards and gives a lot of collaboration perspectives in the sphere of internationalization of higher education.

The development of fundamental science has always been a top-priority task for the university. Topical research works are funded from the federal budget, Russian state foundations, and international organizations. The university has recognized scientific schools in many fields of science. The university academics regularly participate in scientific conferences, symposiums and workshops of different levels. Students and post-graduates take active part in scientific research.

The university is actively involved in the internationalization of higher education. It has a number of long-term partnerships with higher educational institutions of the USA (Susquehanna University, University of Vermont), EU (University of Jyvaskyla, University of Poitiers), **NIS** countries (Kazakh Natk:inal-P-edagogical University named--- after Abay, Minsk Institute of Modern Technologies and Marketing). Recent agreements for cooperation have enlarged the list of international partnerships up to over twenty. Forms of cooperation include student exchange, teacher probations, business and study visits. International projects under the EU programmes Tempus and Erasmus promote academic mobility and develop joint academic programmes.

Yaroslavl Art Museum



The Yaroslavl Art Museum (YaAM) is the biggest art museum in Russian provinces. The expositions situated in the Governor's house (**XIX** cent.) and at The Metropolitan's Chambers It is the only museum specializing in arts in the Yaroslavl Region. The YaAM is the winner of the first competition Window on Russia. The YaAM's collection contains over 70,000 works of painting, drawing, decorative arts, applied arts, sculpture and numismatics. Museum houses icons and other works of old Russian art from the 13th to

the 20th centuries, including the icon of Saviour the Pantocrator - the oldest artwork in the collection-painted in the first half of the 13th century. Unique are the icons painted in the Yaroslavl style in the second half of the 16th and the 17th centuries, including the icons painted and signed by prominent icon painters of the 17th century: Gury Nikitin, Semyon Spiridonov Kholmogorets and Fyodor Zubov. Collection of old Russian art also contains wooden sculptures, woodcarvings and castings of the 16th-20th centuries, as well as pieces of applied church art and personal piety of the 18th-20th centuries.

Yaroslavl Hockey

Hockey Club Lokomotiv also known as Lokomotiv Yaroslavl, is a Russian professional ice hockey team, based in the city of Yaroslavl, playing in the top level Kontinental Hockey League (KHL). The name of the team is derived from its owner, Russian Railways, the national railroad operator. They have a junior hockey team, Leko-Junior which consists of players in the age range of 16-18.

Yaroslavl Engine Plant

Avtodiesel is one of the major Russian manufacturers of multipurpose diesel engines, clutches, gearboxes and spare parts for them, as well as stationary units based on them. Yaroslavl engines are used in more than 300 different vehicle models and special purpose units produced in Russia and CIS. YMZ engines power trucks, tractor trucks, haul trucks, buses, tractors and harvesters, construction machinery and generator sets. Yaroslavl Engine Plant is currently implementing a number of large-scale investment projects in manufacturing of world-class products.

Volga

Source: [https://www.britannica.com/place/Russia/Volga-River](#)

The Volga River is the continent's longest, and the principal waterway of western Russia and the historic cradle of the Russian state. Its basin, sprawling across about two-fifths of the European part of Russia, contains almost half of the entire population of the Russian Republic. The Volga's immense economic, cultural, and historic importance—along with the sheer size of the river and its basin—ranks it among the world's great rivers.

Rising in the Valdai Hills northwest of Moscow, the Volga discharges into the Caspian Sea, some 2,193 miles (3,530 kilometres) to the south. It drops slowly and majestically from its source 748 feet (228 metres) above sea level to its mouth 92 feet below sea level. In the process the Volga receives the water of some 200 tributaries, the majority of which join the river on its left bank. Its river system, comprising 151,000 rivers and permanent and intermittent streams, has a total length of about 357,000 miles.

GOVERNING RULES AND REGULATIONS

5.1.1 Request for twinning's should be community driven, supported by a formal organized cultural/ethnic association and must demonstrate that a sustainable relationship can be maintained.

- The initial idea arose out of a meeting between the Mayor of the City of Windsor, Drew Dilkens, the Ambassador of the Russian Federation, Alexander Darchieev and the Honorable Consul Dr. Roman Gr. Maev during the Ambassador's visit to Windsor earlier this year.
- Based upon all of the factors described below it is believed that a sustainable relationship can be maintained if driven by the appropriate city organizations.

5.1.2 Legitimate and active organizational structure should exist in the related ethnic community to support twinning activities (i.e. hosting visiting delegations, providing translation services, conducting meetings/tours/receptions with their business community).

- It is believed that in Windsor there are adequate resources within the community to provide all of the appropriate services including translation services, tours, receptions and connections within the Windsor community. The Russian Community center will take it upon itself to be the supporting organizational body relating to twinning activities and organizations where appropriate.

5.1.3 The proposed twin city should demonstrate certain identifiable similarities or mutual interests with potential for reciprocal cultural, educational and economic benefits.

- The proposed twin city is Yaroslavl as it has identifiable similarities and mutual interests to create a reciprocal relationship.
- **Education:** Both Windsor and Yaroslavl universities can participate in student exchanges at the undergraduate and graduate level, specifically in the engineering, science, humanities departments and drama and music. Yaroslavl State University has a history of being actively involved in long-term partnerships with other educational institutions including the United States. Another student exchange can be developed at the college level with St. Clair College with similar educational institutions in Yaroslavl.
- **Sport:** Both cities have prominent hockey teams and exchange games can be held in each city. Yaroslavl also has a junior hockey team which is composed of players in the age range and caliber of the Spitfires. Other potential areas to explore are swimming, synchronized swimming, tennis, and even a potential marathon. Various team exchanges can be arranged.

- **Culture:**
 - o The Art Gallery of Windsor and the Yaroslavl Art Museum could participate in twinning activities showcasing various artists and works.
 - o They could participate in the Carousel of Nations with a special showcase around the visiting delegation, as well as special days of one city in another, for example, can further promote potential growth to other communities.
- **Agriculture Industry:** a potential joint venture can be pursued in the agriculture industry as both countries have similar climates. This would present itself to be a fruitful opportunity for trade in the agricultural sector specifically in relation to livestock.
- **Industrial Sector:** Yaroslavl has a few prominent plants and the manufacturing sector is an important part of the city just like in Windsor. A couple proposals are the Avtodiesel Plant, the Yaroslavl Engine Plant, and the Tutaev Motor Plant that can be partnered along with Ford and FCA. Tool and die is also an area that can be explored very seriously.
- **City Management Exchange:** An exchange can be created between the city managements, specifically between various city hall departments, transportation industry and utility sector that can be a part of long term cooperation between cities.

5.1.4 Details of a twinning proposal must be submitted in writing to the Mayor of Windsor, outlining a long-term plan and the community's responsibility for sustaining ongoing activities.

- The Russian Community center may take it upon itself to be a supporting organizational body where appropriate in order to support twinning activities and assist in making arrangements. We can also aid in formulating this letter if approval is received and assistance required.